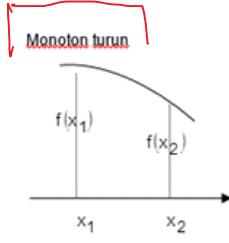
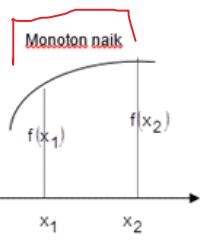


Kemonotonan

28 September 2015 11:18

$f(x)$ turun, bila $f'(x) < 0$

Fungsi $f(x)$ monoton naik pada selang / interval I bila $f'(x) > 0$ untuk $x \in I$



Fungsi $f(x)$ monoton turun pada selang / interval I bila $f'(x) < 0$ untuk $x \in I$

$f(x)$ Naik, bila $f'(x) > 0$

$f(x_1) > f(x_2)$ bila $x_1 < x_2$

$f(x_1) < f(x_2)$ bila $x_1 < x_2$

$$1. f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 6$$

$$2. f(x) = 5 + 12x - x^3$$

$$3. f(x) = x / (x^2 + 2) \quad \frac{x}{x^2 + 2}$$

$$4. f(x) = (x-1) / (x-2)$$

$$5. f(x) = 8 / (4 - x^2)$$

Tentukan selang shg $f(x)$ Naik

$$\textcircled{1} \quad f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 6$$

$$f'(x) = 2x - 5,$$

Naik, $f'(x) > 0$

$$2x - 5 > 0$$

selang shg $f(x)$ naik adalah $(\frac{5}{2}, \infty)$

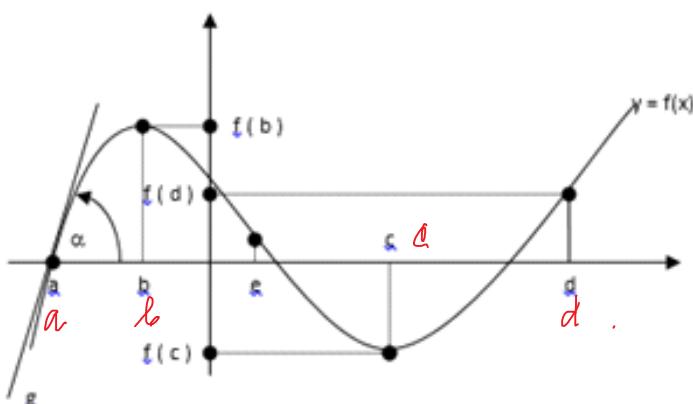
$$\begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \downarrow \\ (\sqrt{2}-x)(\sqrt{2}+x) > 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} (+) \\ \downarrow \\ (\sqrt{2}-x)(\sqrt{2}+x) > 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Naik} \rightarrow f'(x) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{2-x^2}{(x^2+2)^2} > 0 \rightarrow 2-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow (\sqrt{2}-x)(\sqrt{2}+x) > 0$$

$$\text{Naik} \rightarrow (-\sqrt{2}, \sqrt{2})$$

$$\text{Turun} \rightarrow (-\infty, -\sqrt{2}) \cup (\sqrt{2}, \infty)$$

$$\begin{array}{c} - \\ \hline -\sqrt{2} & + & \sqrt{2} \\ \hline - & & - \end{array}$$



$y = f(x) \rightarrow$ monoton naik pada $(-\infty, b) \cup (c, \infty)$

\rightarrow monoton turun pada (b, c)